



State Retiree Health Insurance Reporting for the State of Wisconsin

June 30, 2023

The State Retiree Health Insurance program, which is one of the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plans offered by the State of Wisconsin to eligible retirees, is administered by the Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). OPEB refers to the benefits, other than pensions, that a state or local government employee may receive after they have left employment, generally upon retirement. The program offers retirees who are not yet eligible for Medicare the option to participate in the State's Group Health Insurance program. Premiums are established and collected based on the current needs of the program, and assets are not accumulated to pay future benefits.

The Department of Administration (DOA) is responsible for preparing the financial statements of the State of Wisconsin, including calculating the total OPEB liability for the program. To assist state agencies, such as the University of Wisconsin (UW) System, and various authorities, including the UW Hospitals and Clinics Authority, in preparing their own financial statements following generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), DOA prepared employer schedules and notes for the program.

We provided unmodified opinions on the employer schedules and related notes of the State Retiree Health Insurance program as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023. We conducted our audit by auditing the employer schedules and related notes in accordance with applicable government auditing standards, issuing our auditor's opinions, reviewing internal controls, and issuing our auditor's report on internal control and compliance. We also retained an actuary to conduct an independent review of the program's actuarial calculations and actuarial valuation report.

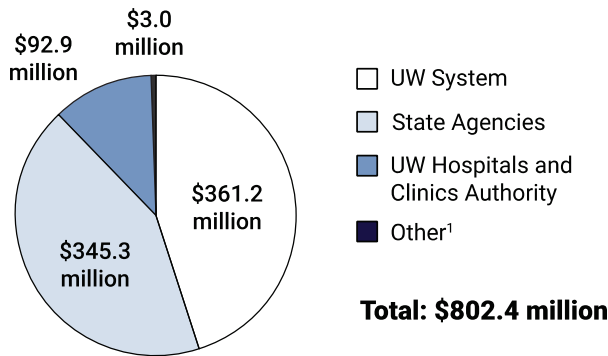
DOA reported a total OPEB liability of \$802.4 million as of June 30, 2023, for the State Retiree Health Insurance program

Although the State does not directly pay any portion of the premium for retirees who choose to participate in the program, the State does pay higher premiums for its active employees than it otherwise would if retirees were excluded. Therefore, the State implicitly subsidizes the premiums paid by participating retirees by offering these individuals access to health insurance coverage at a lower rate than they might otherwise pay based upon their age. This,

in turn, creates an OPEB liability the State must recognize for purposes of financial reporting.

The \$802.4 million total OPEB liability will be reported in the State’s financial statements, which will be included in the State of Wisconsin’s Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. In addition, some state agencies, such as UW System, and various authorities, including the UW Hospitals and Clinics Authority, that are reported in the State’s ACFR also separately issue GAAP-based financial statements. To assist each of these agencies and authorities in determining its proportionate share of the total OPEB liability, DOA prepared employer schedules that include these amounts.

State Retiree Health Insurance Program
OPEB Liability by Employer
As of June 30, 2023

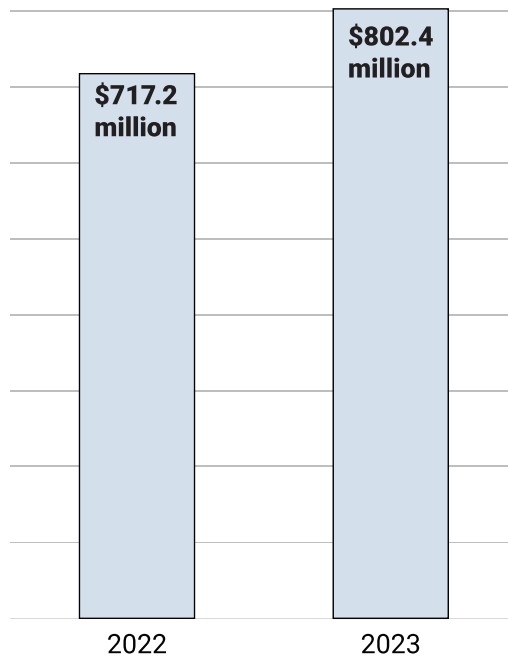


¹ Includes the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation (WEDC) and the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (WHEDA).

The total OPEB liability for the State Retiree Health Insurance program increased from \$717.2 million as of June 30, 2022, to \$802.4 million as of June 30, 2023

This increase is primarily related to normal program operations, differences between expected and actual experiences, and changes in health care cost trend rates and the discount rate assumptions.

**State Retiree Health Insurance Program
Total OPEB Liability
As of June 30**



The actuarial audit identified one error in the actuarial valuation and included 10 recommendations for improvement

The error related to the application of certain rates and assumptions. Five of the 10 recommendations had been identified in the prior actuarial audit. The consulting actuary subsequently revised the actuarial valuation to address 6 of the 10 recommendations. The consulting actuary stated that it would address the remaining error in a future valuation and consider the four recommendations in the next participation rate experience study in 2025.

We make two recommendations to DOA for improvements

Please see the complete list of our recommendations on our website.