The New Hork Times https://nyti.ms/2lxojG9

PRO FOOTBALL

Ed Garvey, Leader of N.F.L. Players' Union, Dies at 76

By RICHARD SANDOMIR FEB. 22, 2017

Ed Garvey, who led the National Football League players' union to two strikes during a dozen years as its executive director and later became a progressive political activist and officeseeker in his native Wisconsin, died on Wednesday in Verona, Wis. He was 76.

The union confirmed his death.

Mr. Garvey joined the N.F.L. Players Association in 1971 seeking to bring economic and social freedom to players who had experienced little of either in the era before free agency. Atop his wish list was eliminating a rule, named for the league's commissioner, Pete Rozelle, that restricted the ability of a player, once his contract was over, to sign with another franchise by requiring his new team to compensate his old team with players or draft choices.

If teams could not agree on compensation, Mr. Rozelle determined it.

"In 1974, we struck over that: 'no freedom, no football," Mr. Garvey said in 2010 during an interview on "I Remember," a public television program in

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1975 by a Federal District Court judge to have violated antitrust laws; an appeals court upheld the ruling almost a year later.

But even the court victory did not greatly change the power that clubs had over their players, Mr. Garvey said.

"The owners said they wouldn't bid" for players, he recalled, "and common sense said they wouldn't."

When the players went on strike in 1982, they stayed off the field until mid-November, causing the reduction of the season to nine games from 16. The union demanded that 55 percent of the league's gross revenue be paid to the players.

"They didn't like that," Mr. Garvey told the "I Remember" program, adding that Jack Kent Cooke, the Washington Redskins' owner, "thought it was communism and others thought it was socialism.

"It seemed like capitalism to me," Mr. Garvey said.

Although the league said that it had achieved its financial goal — some estimates put the final percentage of revenue below 55 percent — the players were not all united. Within weeks of the new labor deal, players were seeking Mr. Garvey's resignation, some unhappy with his handling of negotiations, some demanding an independent audit of union funds.

Dave Anderson, a sports columnist for The New York Times, criticized Mr. Garvey for agreeing to a deal that he could have gotten before the strike began and for not demanding free agency. He said that the "union has caved in because of Ed Garvey's goofs."

But Mr. Garvey concluded that the strike had been worthwhile because of the increased money that it brought the players. And after surviving a vote of confidence by player representatives, Mr. Garvey resigned from the union in June 1983 to be a deputy state attorney general in Wisconsin.

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to own men" and had "pushed the union philosophically toward freedom issues."

Edward Garvey was born on April 18, 1940, in Burlington, Wis., and graduated from the University of Wisconsin-Madison and its law school. A job with a law firm in Minneapolis led to his work for the players' union.

His departure from the union led to a political career in which he was known for a liberal voice on issues like the environment and campaign finance in his private law practice and as an unsuccessful candidate for governor and the United States Senate.

"He was an economic justice warrior," said Scot Ross, the executive director of One Wisconsin Now, a progressive advocacy organization. "He thought you should get a fair day's wage for a fair day's work. And he was a social justice warrior."

Mr. Garvey was renowned in recent years for organizing the annual Fighting Bob Fest, a gathering for progressives featuring speakers and panels and named for Robert M. LaFollette Sr., a former Wisconsin senator and governor. Mr. Garvey described Mr. LaFollette's politics as "synonymous with reform, getting corporate money out of politics and getting rid of the spoils system in government."

Mr. Garvey's liberal politics placed him at odds with Scott Walker, Wisconsin's Republican governor, who has clashed with labor unions. Working with the Republican-controlled state Legislature, Mr. Walker has cut taxes, expanded school vouchers and limited early voting. Mr. Ross said that Mr. Garvey thought the governor was "in the pocket of corporate special interests."

At a speech in Madison in 2011, Mr. Garvey exhibited his trademark wit when he said he had been asked to say "something nice" about Mr. Walker. "It's not that he lies," Mr. Garvey said, "But that he has such a higher regard for the truth that he uses it sparingly."

Mr. Garvey is survived by his wife, Betty, and three daughters. Further information on survivors was not immediately available.

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ran a television commercial that contended that \$750,000 from the N.F.L. players' union had "disappeared" when Mr. Garvey was its executive director. Mr. Garvey sued for libel, and Mr. Kasten eventually conceded that the ad was inaccurate. In settling the suit the next year, Mr. Kasten said that he had not intended to challenge Mr. Garvey's integrity.

"Of course he meant to challenge my integrity," Mr. Garvey said. "That's why he spent more than \$200,000 to air that commercial repeatedly even after I offered proof that it was false and demanded that it be taken off the air."

A version of this article appears in print on February 23, 2017, on Page B15 of the New York edition with the headline: Ed Garvey, Who Took On the N.F.L. and Then Conservatives, Dies at 76.

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