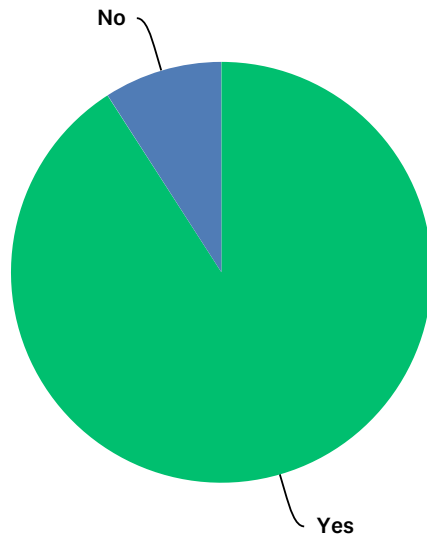


Q1 Currently, if a woman on public assistance gives birth to a child, the father can be held financially responsible for 50 percent of the birth costs, which are payable over 3 years. The amount that the father owes is calculated on the ability to pay. For example, a father earning \$1,500 monthly would be asked to pay a maximum of \$2,700 in birth costs. The most common order is \$500 and interest is not charged on birth costs, so the fathers do not accrue additional debt. If the father is also on public assistance, federal law prohibits him from being charged any birth cost repayment. Do you think current practice should continue and fathers should be required to pay birth recovery costs?

Answered: 55 Skipped: 2



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	90.91%	50
No	9.09%	5
TOTAL		55