## GREETINGS FROM



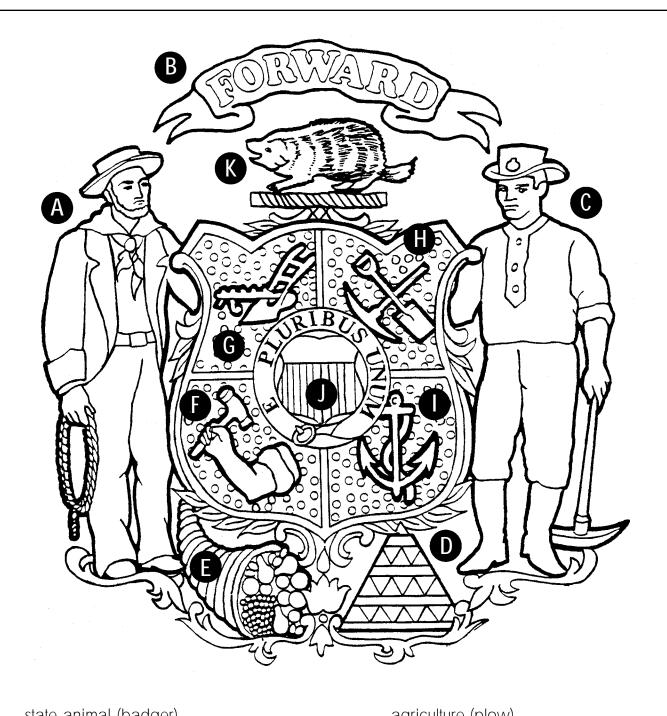
## WISCONSIN STATE ASSEMBLY

### STATUE OF WISCONSIN

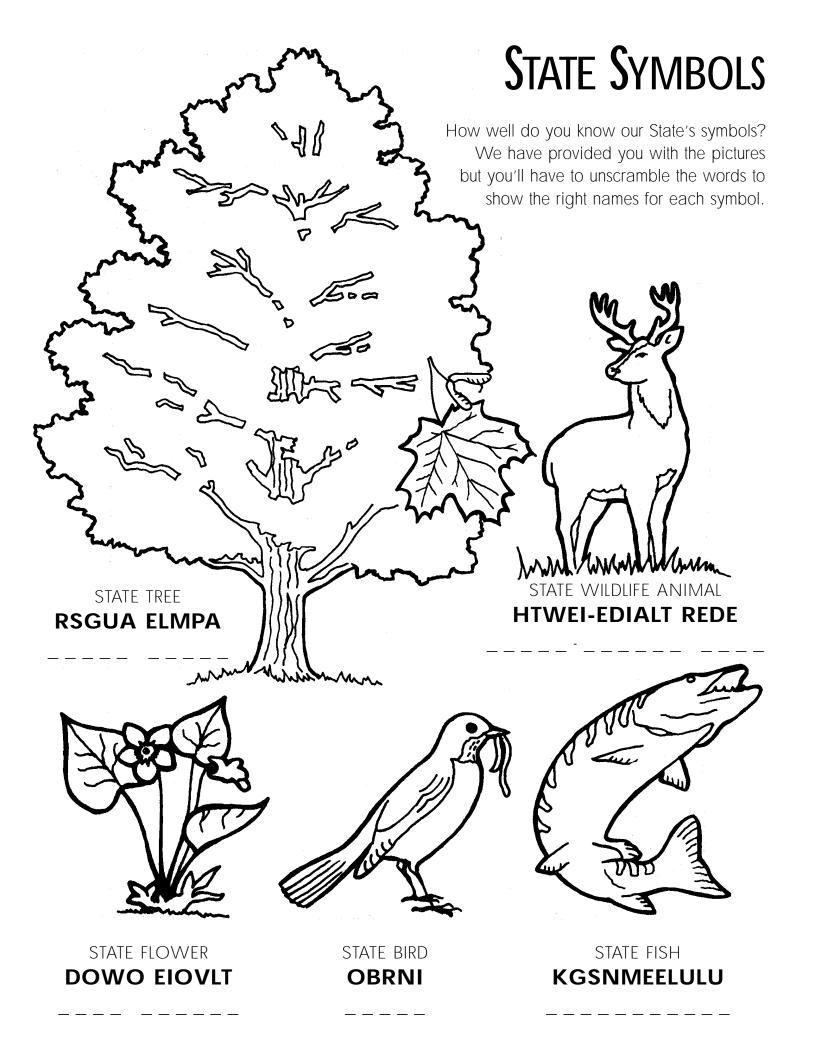
The statue on top of the Capitol dome is known by several names: Forward, Miss Forward, Wisconsin and Miss Wisconsin. The statue is 15 feet tall and  $3^{1/2}$  tons. A badger rests on the crest of the helmet.



## CAN YOU IDENTIFY THESE SYMBOLS ON THE WISCONSIN COAT OF ARMS?



State attitual (bauget)	agriculture (piow)
state motto ("Forward")	mining (shovel & pick)
mineral wealth (pig lead)	labor on water (sailor)
navigation (anchor)	manufacturing (arm & hammer)
prosperity and abundance (cornucopia)	loyalty to the Union (U.S. coat of arms)
labor on land (miner)	



#### LEGISLATIVE WORD SEARCH

Ε S S S S Ε K P Y В M Ε Α R R Α C F N F  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$ P Ε  $\bigcirc$ D P U  $\bigcirc$ ı R R S S C Ε Τ Τ G  $\bigcirc$ R Ν V L I L Α ı D S R N Ν R R Ν Τ R Α  $\bigcirc$ G Α I Α Н S Ν P U L Α Н Τ Ε T L  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$ Α M D  $\bigcirc$ S S V O I В I 0 Ν 0 L 0 E Τ R Α C Ε Ε S S Τ Τ 0 Τ L U R D Τ Н 0 V S  $\bigcirc$ Ε  $\bigcirc$ P S Τ Α Τ Ε S U Z Z G Ν  $\bigcirc$ Ν S Τ G R E L E M ı L E L O V ı S Ε G Ε C Υ O Ε Ε Α W V Α N L P M Ε S S F F N Τ N R S Τ B G R  $\mathsf{C}$ M ı S E Ε E R Α ı В  $\bigcirc$ Ε M Α Α P L O R S  $\mathsf{C}$ S D F F V Ε Τ U Τ P В D V Α Α S S Ε Ε  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$ Α I V G Ε G R U Ε ı D S S Ε Τ O F R R Ν R  $\bigcirc$ L Н 1 Α L W C S F F O Τ Ε  $\bigcirc$ R Ε Α L В D I  $\bigcirc$ D S N Ε S Τ Ν F Ε Ν Τ  $\bigcirc$ Н R  $\bigcirc$ Α L

**RULES** 

**SEAL** 

SILT

STATE

**VETO** 

**VIOLET** 

**SECOND** 

**SESSION** 

**SENATORS** 

**SPONSORS** 

**WISCONSIN** 

**AGENCY** FLOOR DEBATE ASSEMBLY SPEAKER **GAVEL AUTHORS GOVERNOR BADGER** HOTLINE BEE **LEGISLATORS CAPITOL** LOAM **COURT MADISON** DEER MAPLE **DOVE** MOTION **FLAG** REPRESENTATIVES

**ROBIN** 

**FLOORPERIOD** 

#### Wisconsin Trivia

Milwaukee

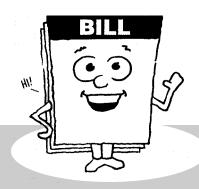
21.

C	1.	Forward	State Animal
0	2.	Sugar Maple	State Soil
	3.	Wood violet	State Motto
	4.	Robin	State Song
u	5.	Muskellunge	State Mineral
m	6.	Badger	State Tree
n	7.	White-tailed Deer	State Fossil
	8.	On Wisconsin	Largest Lake
1	9.	Galena	State Fish
	10.	Red Granite	Largest City
	11.	Dairy Cow	State Wildlife Animal
	12.	Honey Bee	State Insect
	13.	Antigo Silt Loam	State Rock
	14.	Trilobite	State Dance
	15.	American Water Spaniel	State Grain
	16.	Lake Winnebago	State Beverage
	17.	Madison	State Capitol
	18.	Milk	State Flower
	19.	Corn	State Dog
	20.	Polka	State Domestic Animal

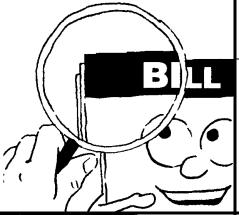
State Bird

#### How a Bill Becomes a Law

A BILL MAY BE INTRODUCED IN EITHER THE ASSEMBLY OR SENATE. WHERE IT IS READ BY THE CHIEF CLERK--FIRST READING



A COMMITTEE STUDIES THE BILL AND OFTEN HOLDS PUBLIC HEARINGS ON IT.



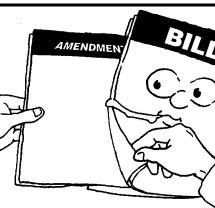
THE COMMITTEE VOTES AND REPORTS THE BILL OUT OF COMMITTEE. THE BILL IS THEN MOST OFTEN RULES REFERRED TO THE RULES COMMITTEE.

THE RULES COMMITTEE CAN EITHER PLACE THE BILL ON THE CALENDAR FOR SECOND READING AND DEBATE BEFORE THE ENTIRE ASSEMBLY, OR TAKE NO ACTION.

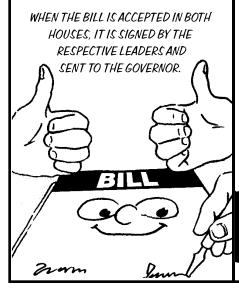
AT THE SECOND READING A BILL IS SUBJECT TO DEBATE AND AMENDMENT BEFORE BEING PLACED ON THE CALENDAR FOR THE THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.



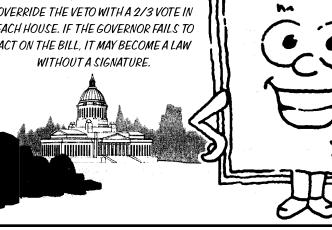
AFTER PASSING ONE HOUSE, THE BILL GOES THROUGH THE SAME PROCEDURE IN THE OTHER HOUSE.



IF AMENDMENTS ARE MADE IN ONE HOUSE, THE OTHER HOUSE MUST CONCUR.



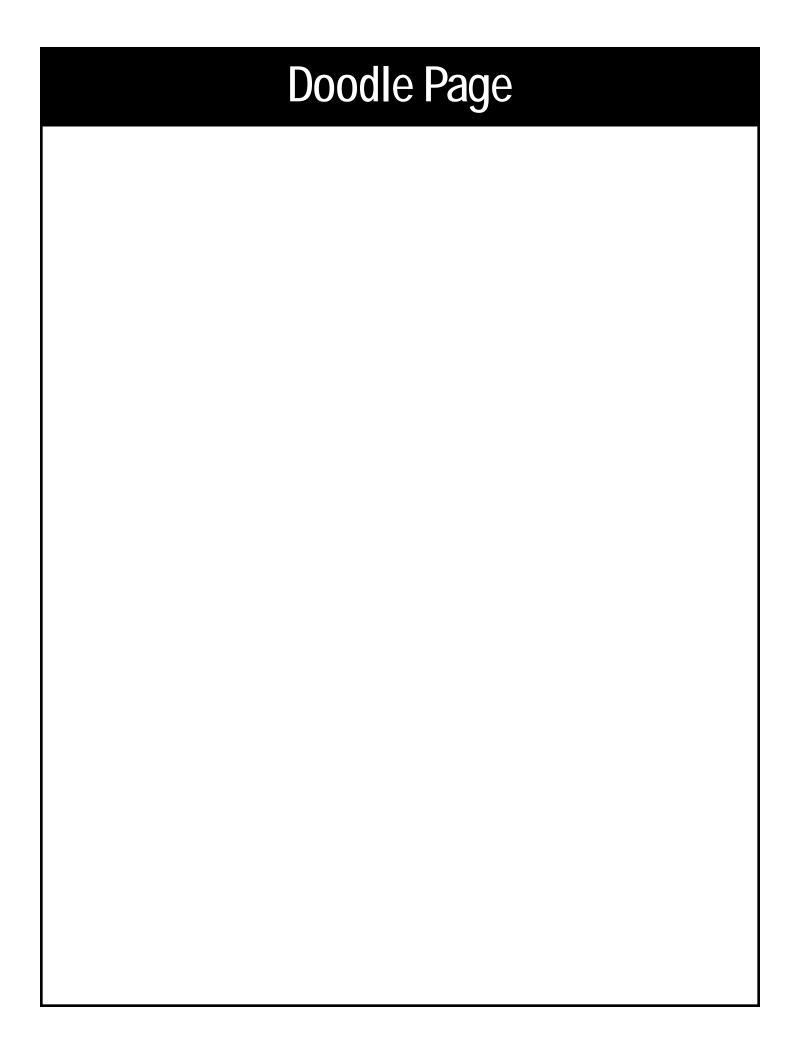
THE GOVERNOR SIGNS THE BILL INTO LAW OR MAY VETO ALL OR PART OF IT. IF THIS HAPPENS, THE LEGISLATURE MAY OVERRIDE THE VETO WITH A 2/3 VOTE IN EACH HOUSE. IF THE GOVERNOR FAILS TO ACT ON THE BILL, IT MAY BECOME A LAW WITHOUT A SIGNATURE.



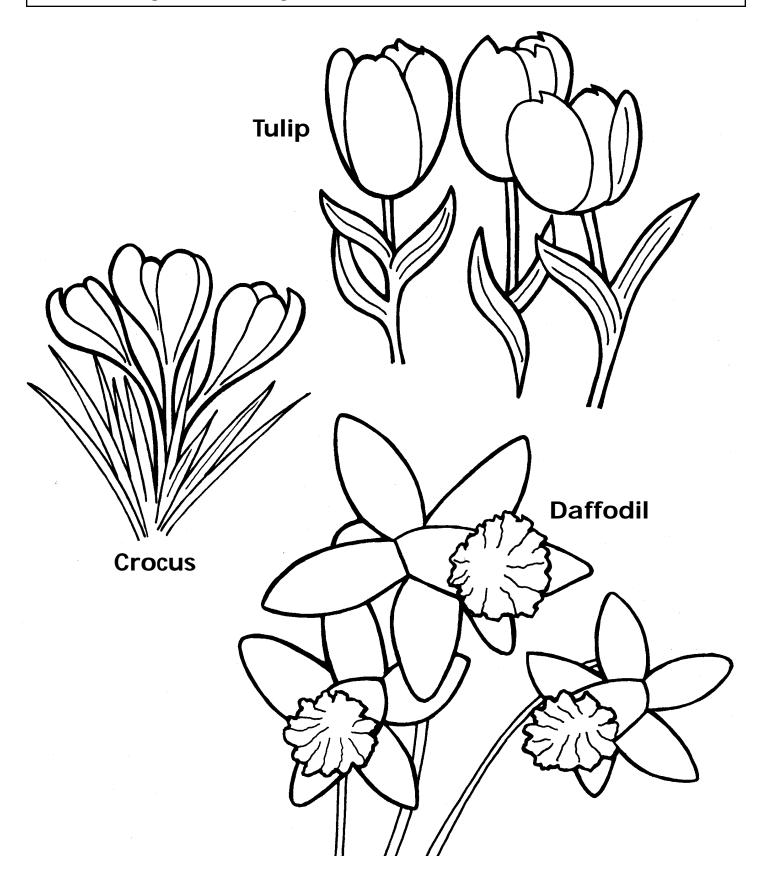
# Where can you find these people and things in the Capitol?

1.	Marble Fireplace	 15.	Biggest Skylight	
2.	Oldest Carpet	 16.	Mosaics	
3.	Steamboat	 17.	\$1000 Badger	
4.	Liberty Bell	 18.	Dog	
5.	Wood Floor	 19.	Christian Herter	
6.	Seven Judges	 20.	James Doty	
7.	Old Abe	 21.	Pacific	
8.	Robert LaFollette	 22.	Benjamin Franklin	
9.	Airplane	 23.	Cordelia Harvey	
10.	Most gold in the Capitol	24.	Ceasar Augustus	
11.	Electronic voting board	 25.	Atlantic	
12.	Wisconsin Constitution	 26.	George Washington	
13.	Stage Coach	27.	Jean Nicolet	
14.	Round Table	27.	Chief Oshkosh	

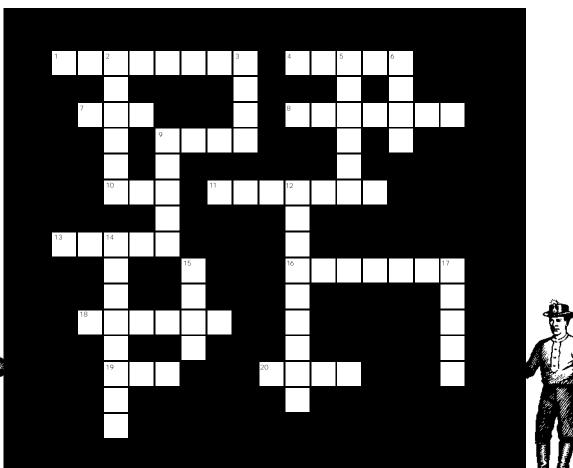
- A. ROTUNDA
- **B. GOVERNORS CONFERENCE ROOM**
- C. SUPREME COURT
- D. SENATE
- **E. ASSEMBLY**
- F. NORTH HEARING ROOM



# Spring Flowers you may see at the Capitol



#### Wisconsin State Legislature





#### **ACROSS**

- 1. Our highest state office is \_\_\_\_
- 4. The is our state bird.
- 7. The state domestic animal is the dariy \_\_\_\_
- 8. Our state capitol is \_\_\_\_
- 9. Our state cows produce alot of \_\_\_\_
- 10. A statue of Wisconsin is on \_\_\_ of the Captiol
- 11. \_\_\_\_ is our state motto
- 13. We live in the \_\_\_ of Wisconsin
- 16. We have a beautiful \_\_\_\_ building in Madison
- 18. The \_\_\_ has 33 members.
- 19. The honey \_\_\_ is our state insect
- 20. A \_\_\_ is a proposed law awaiting legislative approval

#### **DOWN**

- 2. The wood \_\_\_ is our state flower
- 3. Granite is our state \_\_\_\_
- 5. Our state animal is the \_\_\_\_
- 6. The state bird lives in a
- 9. The sugar \_\_\_ is our state tree
- 12. We live in the state of
- 14. The \_\_\_ has 99 members
- 15. \_\_\_ is the governor's power to stop a bill
- 17. Wisconsin is bordered by two great \_\_\_\_

# WISCONSIN'S STATE ANIMAL

industry in the 1800's. The miners dug tunnels into hillsides and lived in them during the state" because of the lead mining winter. Connect the dots to see what your state animal looks like Wisconsin is nicknamed "the\_



**ASSEMBLY** 99-member "lower" house of the Legislature. Each Assembly member is

called a "Representative" and is elected for a two-year term.

**ASSEMBLY SPEAKER** Representative elected by members of the Assembly and is the chief

presiding officer of the Assembly.

**BILL** Proposed law awaiting legislative approval. A Senate Bill (SB1, SB 2,

etc.) starts in the Senate. An Assembly Bill (AB 1, AB 2, etc.) begins in

the Assembly.

**COMMITTEES**Groups appointed in the Senate and Assembly to study bills on a particular

subject area and determine whether or not to recommend them to become law.

**CONSTITUENTS** The people who live in a legislator's district.

**FLOOR DEBATE** A discussion of a bill, amendment or proposal on the "floor" of the

Assembly or Senate.

**HEARING** A public meeting held to give citizens a chance to voice their view on a bill.

**LEGISLATORS** Members of the Wisconsin Legislature. The 99 members of the Assembly are

called State Representatives and each represents about 52,000 people living within his or her Assembly district. Thirty-three Senators constitute the Wisconsin Senate and each represents a Senate district made up of three

Assembly districts.

**LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT** Area represented by a Senator or Representative. There are three Assembly

districts in each Senate district.

**LOBBYIST** One who represents the views of industries, organizations and government

agencies before the Legislature. Individual citizens may also lobby their

legislators on matters of concern to them.

**REFERRED** When bills are sent to a committee or moved from one committee to

another, they are said to be referred.

**STATE CAPITOL** The seat of state government in Wisconsin where the Assembly, Senate,

Governor's Office and Supreme Court are located.

**SENATE** 33-member "upper" house of the Legislature. Senators are elected for

four-year terms.

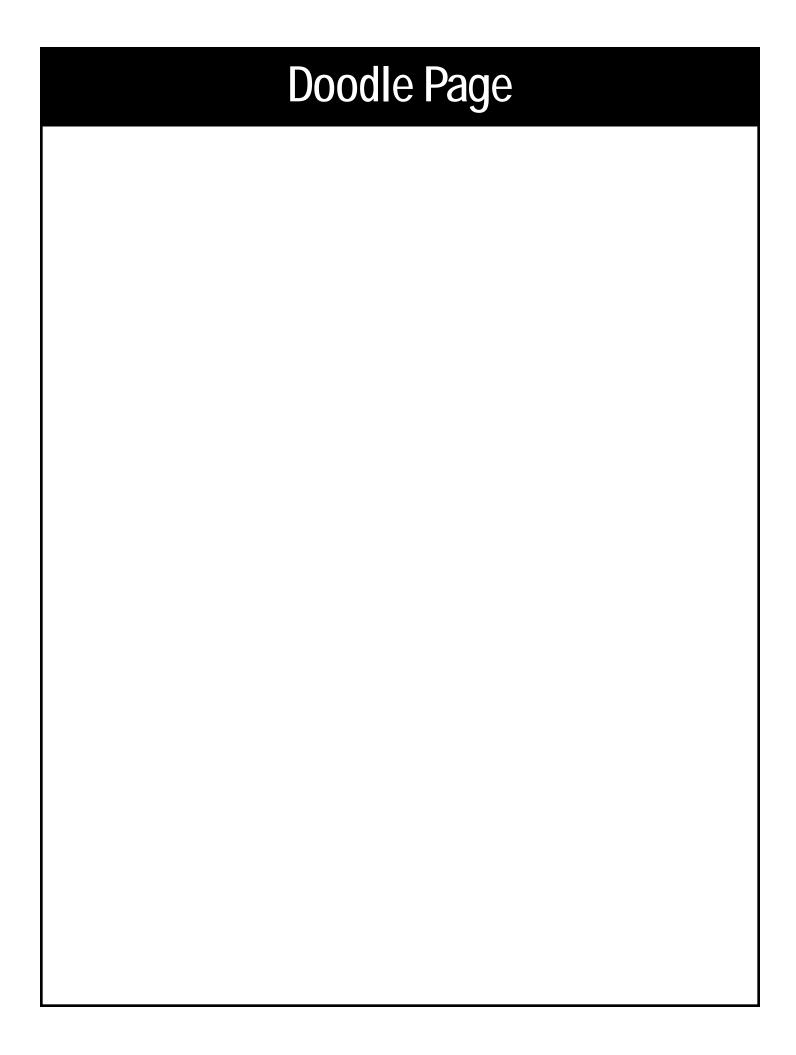
**TABLING** Putting off the vote on a bill until later. Many times this procedure means that

the bill will receive no vote at all.

**VETO** The Governor's power to stop a bill or part of a bill from becoming law.

The Legislature may "override" the veto with a 2/3's vote in each house.

Override means the bill becomes law despite the Governor's veto.



Use this page to draw something you saw at the Capitol today, maybe a painting or statue, or even your tour guide.

